



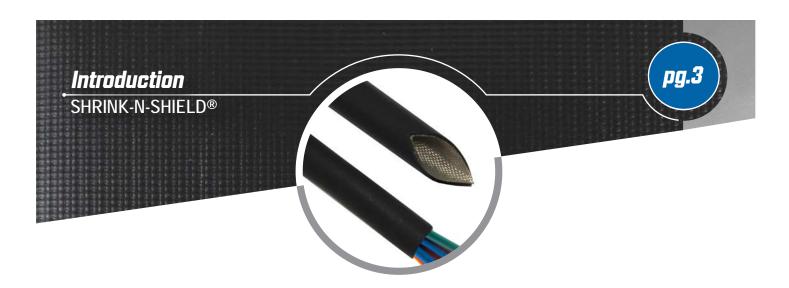
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Introduction	3
Installation	8
Shelf-Life Recommendations	18

Specifications subject to change without notice. All statements and technical information contained herein are based on tests we believe to be reliable, but the accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed under all circumstances. Before using ZiPPERTUBING products, the user shall determine suitability for the intended use, and user assumes all responsibility for improper selection. Published attenuation values of ZiPPERTUBING shielding have been verified by laboratory testing of the respective shielding materials. Actual installed attenuation values may differ due to installation techniques and final assembly operation parameters which are beyond the control of The ZiPPERTUBING Company. Actual attenuation values can only be determined by the end user testing the completed assembly. U.S. and International Patents and patents pending. Copyright 2015 The ZiPPERTUBING Company, Chandler Arizona.



JACKETING TUBING

SHIELDING AND

SHRINK-N-SHIELD®

This document describes generic methods for shrinking, splicing and terminating Zippertubing's Shrink-N-Shield® EMI-shielded shrink tubing. The methods described are of typical installations and may or may not apply to customer specific installation requirements. In-house engineering requirements should always be consulted prior to making any production installation.





These instructions are provided as an "idea guide" rather than a "thou shall" procedure. All procedures described herein have been found to provide good mechanical and electrical performance, however The Zippertubing Co. does not endorse one method over another.





SHRINK-N-SHIELD®

Shrink-N-Shield® combines two proven technologies into a single, easy-to-install product for adding EMI protection to smaller wire and cable bundles. Shrink-N-Shield® makes adding an EMI shield and secondary insulation jacket to wire or cable bundles a snap. This product is supplied in four-foot-long sticks and has a length tolerance of +/- 1/2 inch.

SHRINK-N-SHIELD®
(2:1)

Shrink-N-Shield® (2:1) is ideal for cable diameters of 1/2" or less and is comprised of SAE-AMS-DTL-23053/5 heat shrink tubing and Zippertubing's Z-3250-CN conductive cloth which provides outstanding shielding properties. The material has an operational temperature range of -55 to 135°C.

ZT99-18-006-*



Shrink-n-Shield® (2:1) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.1875	3/16	0.093	0.02
0.25	1/4	0.125	0.025
0.375	3/8	0.188	0.025
0.5	1/2	0.25	0.025
0.75	3/4	0.375	0.03
1	1.0	0.5	0.035
1.5	1-1/2	0.75	0.035

SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (3:1) Shrink-N-Shield® (3:1) is ideal for cable diameters of 5/8" or less and the 3:1 shrink ratio allows for installation over pre-terminated components and hardware where standard 2:1 ratio tubing cannot be installed. The product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 135°C.

ZT01-18-001-*



Shrink-n-Shield® (3:1) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.375	0.36	0.12	0.031
0.5	0.48	0.16	0.033
0.75	0.72	0.24	0.039
1	0.945	0.315	0.048
1.5	1.575	0.515	0.05
2	2	0.67	0.059



SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (4:1) The over-expanded tubing of Shrink-N-Shield® (4:1) has a 4:1 shrink ratio which makes installation over pre-installed connectors and cable end hardware possible without complete disassembly. The product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 135°C.

ZT99-18-001-*



Shrink-n-Shield® (4:1) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
1	1	0.26	0.059
1.5	1.5	0.375	0.059
2	2	0.5	0.059

SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (TW)

ZT02-18-003-*



Shrink-N-Shield® (TW) is ideal for cable bundles with diameters of 5/8" or less. This product is comprised of a thin wall, 2:1 commercial heat-shrink tubing and Zippertubing's Z-3250-CN conductive cloth which has outstanding shielding properties. The product yields an outer jacket that is thinner than standard 2:1 tubing and is ideal for tight-fit or close-wire-grouping applications. The product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 121°C.

Shrink-n-Shield® (TW) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.1875	0.187	0.093	0.012
0.25	0.25	0.125	0.014
0.375	0.375	0.188	0.014
0.5	0.5	0.25	0.014
0.75	0.75	0.375	0.017
1	1	0.5	0.02
1.25	1.25	0.625	0.02



SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (PVDF)

ZT02-18-001-*



Shrink-N-Shield® (PVDF) is ideal for wire and cable bundles with diameters of 1/2" or less. The product is comprised of a flexible, fire-retardant, polyvinylidene fluoride tubing and Zippertubing's Z-3250-CN conductive cloth with outstanding shielding properties. The PVDF polymer jacket is a commercial variant of Mil-I-23053/18 tubing and the special formulation makes it more flexible than standard Mil-Spec tubing while still offering outstanding abrasion resistance. The product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 150°C.

Shrink-n-Shield® (PVDF) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.1875	3/16	0.093	0.01
0.25	1/4	0.125	0.01
0.375	3/8	0.188	0.012
0.5	1/2	0.25	0.012
0.75	3/4	0.375	0.017
1	1.0	0.5	0.019

SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (HW)

ZT04-18-002-*



Shrink-N-Shield® (HW) is ideal for wire and cable bundles with diameters of 1/2" or less. It is ideal for applications where thick, heavy-wall insulation is needed for superior mechanical protection. This product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 110°C.

Shrink-n-Shield® (HW) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
-01	0.35	0.12	0.07
-03	0.51	0.16	0.08
-05	0.75	0.24	0.09
-07	1.1	0.35	0.12
-09	1.5	0.47	0.16



SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (2X)

ZT01-18-003-*



Shrink-N-Shield® (2X) is ideal for cables with diameters of 3/4" or less. The product uses a double layer of Z-3250-CN shielding cloth which produces an EMI shield with a shield coverage of 99% while still retaining its very flexible character. The product has an operational temperature range of -55 to 135°C.

Shrink-n-Shield® (2X) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.1875	3/16	0.093	0.02
0.25	1/4	0.125	0.025
0.375	3/8	0.188	0.025
0.5	1/2	0.25	0.025
0.75	3/4	0.375	0.03
1	1.0	0.5	0.035
1.5	1-1/2	0.75	0.035

SHRINK-N-SHIELD® (FE)

ZT03-18-003-*



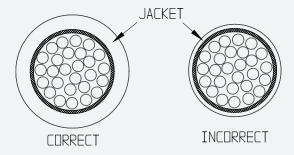
Shrink-N-Shield® (FE) is ideal for wire and cable bundles with diameters of 1.0" or less. The outer tubing is a high-temperature, rubber-like jacket which is highly fluid-resistant and flame-retardant. The operational temperature of this composite product is 175°C, but it can withstand short spikes to 200°C.

Shrink-n-Shield® (FE) Size -*	BEFORE Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Inside Diameter (inches)	AFTER Wall Thickness (inches)
0.1875	3/16	0.093	0.035
0.25	1/4	0.125	0.035
0.375	3/8	0.188	0.035
0.5	1/2	0.25	0.035
0.75	3/4	0.375	0.042
1	1.0	0.5	0.049
1.5	1-1/2	0.75	0.055
2	2.0	1	0.065

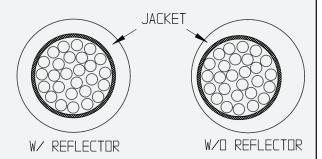
SHRINKING

When installing Shrink-N-Shield® tubing, use a tube reflector on the heat gun nozzle wherever possible. If a reflector is not used, the tubing recovery will not be uniform and the installed tubing may have thin spots.

Shrink-N-Shield® tubing will begin shrinking at temperatures above 90°C. A heat gun with a temperature setting of between 120-140°C is sufficient to shrink the tubing and yield good installation results. Since the EMI shield cloth inside the tubing does not shrink, but rather folds up, be aware that the tubing surface may show visible wrinkle lines and will not be as smooth as normal heat shrinkable tubing. Application of excessive heat in an attempt to remove these wrinkles may blister the shrink tubing surface and/or damage the EMI shield cloth inside. Surface wrinkles mirroring through the shrunk tubing from the shield underneath are normal when installing standard (2:1) and thin wall versions of Shrink-N-Shield®. Mirroring of shield wrinkles will be less pronounced when using (3:1) and (4:1) shrink ratio tubing's since the wall thickness will be greater.



TUBING SIZING



HEAT SHRINKING



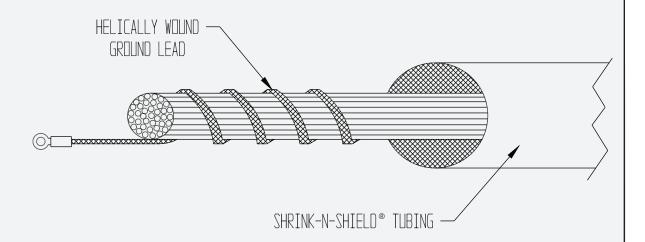
SHIELD GROUNDING

All EMI shield materials should be grounded at one end to function properly. There are a variety of ways to achieve a ground pathway when using Shrink-N-Shield® tubing. The exact method selected will depend on the customer's EMI shielding performance requirements. Always contact your in-house Engineering Department for ground termination requirements.



Wrapped Drain Wire

A ground lead (pigtail) can be added by simply helically wrapping a piece of QQ-B-575 tubular braid wire (AWG size as desired) around the cable bundle with the braid wire coils spaced approximately 1.0 inch apart over a cable distance of approximately 6.0 inches and then shrinking the Shrink-N-Shield® tubing over the coils. The helically wound braid ensures that the bare lead is in contact with the internal EMI shield material over its entire length and that the lead cannot "nest" into a group of parallel wire leads and lose EMI shield contact. The compressive force of the shrink tubing ensures that the contact is not lost. The winding spacing also creates a nice tooth interlock of tubing in between each braid coil where the tubing shrinks down tighter on the smaller cable diameter. This approach generates a good ground contact and enough friction that the drain wire cannot be pulled out if accidently tugged. Some customers choose to extend the braid wire beyond the suggested 6.0 inches, especially on short assembly lengths.

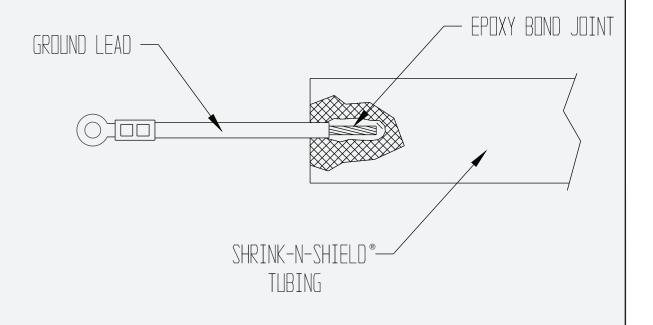




B

Bonded Ground Lead

A bare ground-lead end can be bonded to the EMI shield fabric of the expanded Shrink-N-Shield® tubing before shrinking using silver or nickel loaded epoxy. A minimal amount of epoxy should be used and the bare conductor fanned out so as not to create a severe bump which could create an abrasion point on the primary wiring. A tape wrap over the wire bundle in the area directly below any bonded drain lead may be necessary to minimize wire insulation abrasion. The bonded length should be at least 1.0" long to ensure a good mechanical bond between the epoxy and shield cloth. Too small of a bond area could result in the copper and nickel shield cloth plating separating from the fabric core if tugged severely.





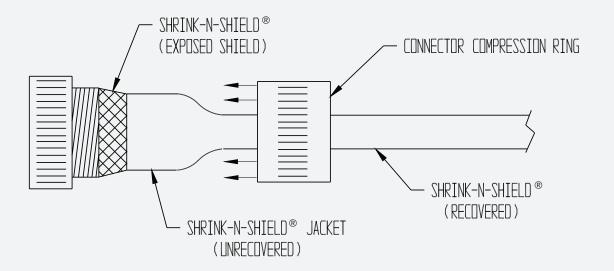




Connector Termination

The following is a general description of how the EMI shield might be terminated given the proper hardware/tubing sizes. Since Shrink-N-Shield® tubing has a shrinkable outer jacket, it allows the installer the option of selectively shrinking the material to create a boot area near the connector which may not be fully shrunk.

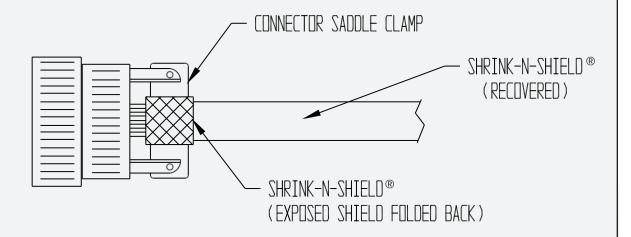
Example #1 Illustrates an area of un-recovered tubing which will not be exposed to heating, so it is possible to trim the polyolefin tubing away, and or fold the shield fabric back over the un-shrunk tubing exposing the conductive fabric below and on top of the shrink tube. Once the fabric is exposed, it can be placed onto a standard EMI shielded connector compression cone and sandwiched under the compression ring. Once the connector has been assembled, the remaining tubing can be shrunk on the cable.





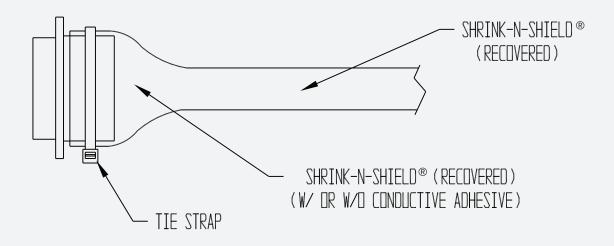


Example #2 Illustrates a slightly different approach when the connector backshell hardware is a saddle clamp. The shield fabric is folded back over the tubing after the Shrink-n-Shield® jacket has been trimmed back allowing the conductive fabric to make contact with the saddle clamp. Careful attention to trimming the shrink-tubing is required to create a clean cut with no snags. Shrinking the tubing from the cable end towards the connector saddle clamp will help ensure that the outer jacket of the Shrink-N-Shield® tubing does not split when the end near the saddle clamp is shrunk. Once all the tubing has been shrunk the saddle clamp hardware can be assembled.



Example #3 Illustrates a small round connector or a small rectangular connector which has no backshell hardware. The Shrink-N-Shield® tubing is simply slid up and over the existing connector body (threads if present) so the conductive fabric inside the Shrink-N-Shield® tubing will make contact with the connector shell. The shrink tubing must be shrunk selectively by using a piece of aluminum foil to blind the heat from the tubing over the cables. The heat should be focused in the connector area only using a small narrow nozzle. Apply heat in short, quick bursts allowing the tubing to shrink on the connector without being pulled back. Conductive epoxy can be applied to the connector body as an optional shield bonding agent. Once the tubing has been shrunk around the connector, a mechanical banding clamp or cable tie can be used to ensure retention of the tubing on the connector. Allow the tubing on the connector to cool completely. The aluminum foil can then be wrapped around the shield termination area to blind it from heat used to shrink the remaining tubing. It is suggested that the remaining Shrink-N-Shield® tubing be shrunk from the end opposite the connector if possible. This will result in the bulk of the heat required to shrink the remaining tubing to be away from the connector/ shield termination area. The end result should be a nice looking tapered tube that transitions down from connector to the cable.

Note: Shrink-N-Shield® tubing is available in shrink ratios of 2:1, 3:1 and 4:1. The user will need to evaluate which shrink ratio works best for the particular application being assembled.





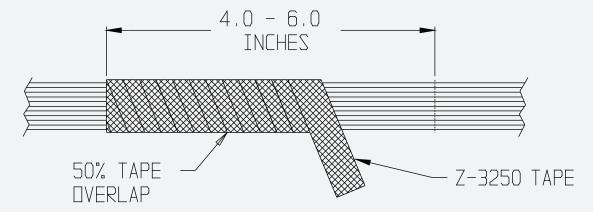
SHIELD SPLICING

Although splicing of any EMI shield is undesirable, real world applications commonly force the installer to create them. A properly made EMI shield splice will perform equally to a continuous piece of shielding from an EMI and Environmental perspective. The critical factors in achieving a good EMI splice joint are as follows:

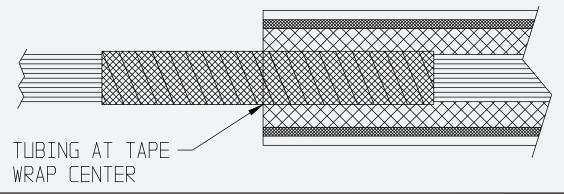
- Ensure good electrical contact between both pieces of shield material
- Provide a good mechanical joint so the spliced materials do not shift in operation
- Protect the joint from environmental degradation

Below is a step by step description and diagrams that will provide these requirements.

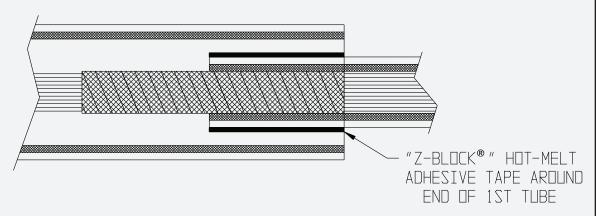
Wrap the cable bundle for a distance of 4.0 - 6.0 inches (where the splice will be made) using Zippertubing's "Z-3250 Tape." Use a 50% overlap of each tape wind.



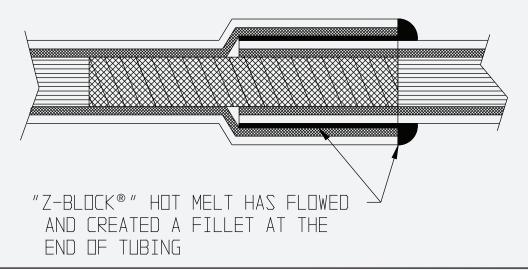
Slide the first piece of Shrink-N-Shield® tubing over the tape wrap so the end of the shrink-tubing is centered on the tape wrap. Shrink in place using a hot-air heat gun.



Wrap a 2.0" width of Zippertubing's Z-Block® (100) hot-melt tape over the end of the first shrunk piece of tubing so the end of the second piece of Shrink-n-Shield tubing will land flush with the end of the Z-Block® (100) hot-melt tape. The second piece of Shrink-N-Shield® tubing will fully cover the EMI tape wrap, extend over the shrunk tubing by a distance of one-half the EMI tape wrap length and align with end of the Z-Block® (100) tape.



Heat shrink the second piece of Shrink-n-Shield® tubing over the first. The Z-Block® (100) hot-melt tape will melt and flow around the circumference of the first tube bonding the two together. The "Z-Block® (100)" will also flow laterally and create a fillet of adhesive at the exposed end of the outer tube. The fillet and internal adhesive fill any gaps or irregularities between the two tubings and eliminate any pathway for the external environment to enter the EMI shield joint. The heat-shrinkable tubing combined with the hot-melt adhesive creates a structural bond that keeps the EMI shield fabric layers from losing electrical contact with each other.



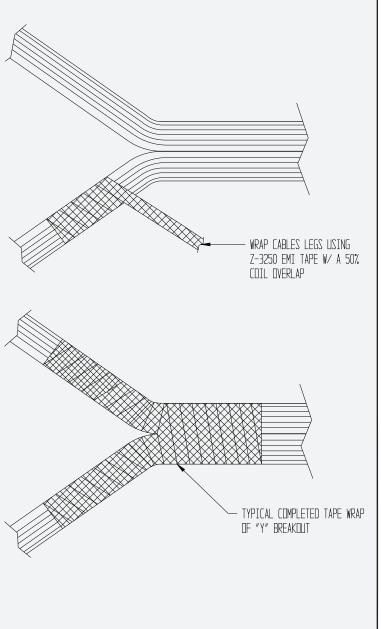


CABLE BREAKOUTS

This simplest method for making an EMI shield breakout when using Shrink-N-Shield® heat-shrinkable tubing is as follows.



Use Zippertubing's Z-3250-Tape to wrap all the breakout legs and the main branch of the cable bundle. Use a 50% overlap technique to ensure 100% shield coverage. Start the tape wrapping at any location of the breakout. The tape should extend 4.0 - 6.0 inches down each leg of the breakout and along the main branch. A narrow width tape works best for small diameter cables and you can increase the tape width as bundle diameter increases. Select the tape width that will minimize the creation of wrinkles and tape puckers. These typically occur when using a tape that is too large. You may find it necessary to back up over areas previously wrapped to achieve directional changes. It is permissible to stop a wrap with one piece of tape and start with another as long as you have several winds of overlap. The acrylic adhesive on the back of the fabric tape is electrically conductive so each layer will be in direct electrical contact with each other. The goal is to obtain 100% cable coverage in the break out area and not leave any gaps in joint area of the breakouts.





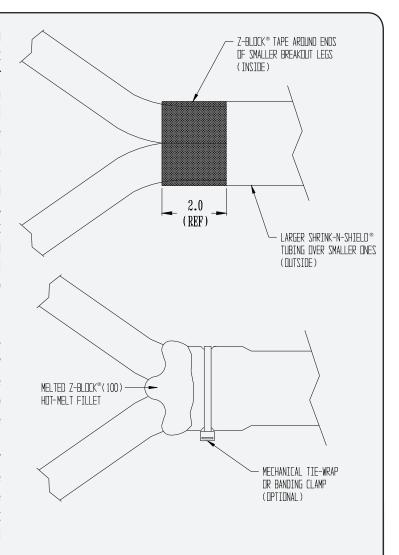
STEP

14
(cont.)

Install the Shrink-N-Shield® tubing over the smallest diameter breakout legs first. Locate the tubing as far up into the breakout intersection as possible. Heat the tubing and fully shrink in place. Wrap the last 2.0" of each breakout leg with Zippertubing's Z-Block® (100) hotmelt tape. Slide the larger tubing over the smaller leg ends so it covers all of the Z-Block® (100) hot-melt adhesive. Shrink the larger tubing so the Z-Block® (100) is fully melted and creates an adhesive fillet in the intersection of the breakout.

When properly assembled the Z-Block® (100) will create a fully bonded breakout joint and the adhesive will have filled all the irregular gaps and voids of the breakout. The fillet and internal adhesive eliminates any pathway for the external environment to enter the EMI shield joint. The heat-shrinkable tubing combined with the hot-melt adhesive creates a structural bond that keeps the EMI shield fabric layers from losing electrical contact with each other.

Note: A mechanical cable tie or clamp can be added to the joint if deemed necessary.

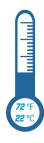


Shelf-Life Recommendations

ALL SHRINK-N-SHIELD® PRODUCTS



The following table lists the maximum accepted shelf-life period for Zippertubing products from the date of manufacture when stored at a temperature of 72 °F (22 °C), 50 % R.H. and not exposed to direct sunlight. Storage conditions other than those stated above may result in a shorter shelf-life. Materials should only be purchased in quantities such that all materials are consumed prior to the material exceeding its recommended shelf-life.







SHRINK-N-SHIELD® SHELF-LIFE

ALL SHRINK-N-SHIELD® PRODUCTS



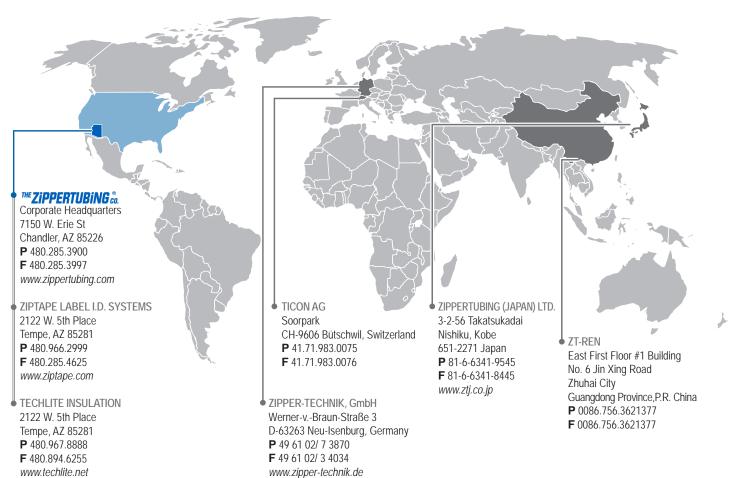
Shelf-life and service life are two different issues and should not be confused. Service life can be expected to be far longer than the shelf-life. It is impossible to accurately define service life as it will vary with the material type and severity of the application.

If a material is found to have exceeded the recommended shelf-life date, review the Zippertubing Shelf-Life Recertification document for procedures to determine if the material life can be extended.

All materials which utilize a (PSA) adhesive closure shall have the base material shelf-life value stated left reduced to 12 months. Refer to the Zippertubing Shelf-life Re-certification procedure for a method to extend shelf life.











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